

Policy Name: By-law Enforcement Policy	Policy No: S502-05
Committee approval date:	April 6, 2021
Council approval date:	April 19, 2021
Revision date(s):	-
Department/Division:	By-law Enforcement

1. Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the philosophical approach to Municipal Law Enforcement in the Town of Pelham. This document identifies a range of options to achieve compliance with Pelham by-laws, which will be adhered to by the Town's Municipal Law Enforcement Officers (MLEOs).

The goal of Municipal Law Enforcement is to achieve compliance through information, education and voluntary compliance. If this is not achievable then Pelham MLEOs will take appropriate action such as the issuance of "Orders to Comply", the issuance of an Administrative Monetary Penalty ("AMP") or the laying of charges under the *Provincial Offences Act* ("POA"), as appropriate. In certain circumstances, it will also be appropriate to enter onto private property and take action to remedy, remove or resolve non-compliance situations at the property owner's expense, in all instances pursuant to law.

MLEOs are encouraged to be compliance-focused on the objectives of the regulatory by-law and policy and to consider the most innovative, efficient and effective method of achieving compliance. A compliance-focused approach enables all citizens to better understand and comply with the rules, and to better pursue their social, economic and recreational activities in a safe, productive and responsible manner.

This policy applies to all enforcement actions taken by MLEOs, or any other staff involved in the MLEO enforcement activity. Each MLEO plays an important role in promoting compliance with the laws that protect the public interest. The Municipal Law Enforcement Policy operates collectively with existing policies and procedures that continue to support regulatory compliance and MLEO enforcement practices; and embraces a Customer Service and Problem Solving principle for resolving the issues to ensure customer satisfaction.



2. Policy Statement

The Municipal Law Enforcement Department provides a proportionate compliance strategy that emphasizes health and safety above all other considerations. Enforcement is both proactive and reactive, depending on the nature of the potential infraction and the availability of resources.

3. General Provisions

3.1. Progressive Enforcement

Progressive enforcement action is undertaken on an escalating continuum, starting with public education on by-law requirements to encourage voluntary compliance, progressing to warnings, and finally with notices/orders and/or commencing legal action. The foundation of a progressive investigative process is based on the following guiding principles:

- i. Complainant Communication
- ii. Reasonable, Transparent and Proportionate Enforcement
- iii. Voluntary Compliance
- iv. Investigations, Enforcement and Compliance

MLEOs must ensure that their actions and reactions are reasonable and based on legal authority, and that the measures taken are proportionate with the alleged violation. The goal is to achieve consistency in responses to non-compliance, and predictability when determining the appropriate enforcement action.

3.2. Public Complaints

Public complaints are the mechanism by which the community can inform by-law staff as to the potential existence of non-compliance. In order to ensure positive relations are maintained and appropriate information is provided to the community, MLEOs shall follow the Town of Pelham Work Step Procedure guidelines in addressing public complaints. Public complaints with regard to non-parking by-law violations will ideally be submitted in writing using the Town's online Public Service Request System (PSR) or by submitting a Town of Pelham By-law Service Request Form (BLSRF). It is also recognized that complaints may initially be received by other means including by phone or email.



Informal or non-written complaints of alleged violations will not be given the same weight or priority unless the complaint pertains to a situation that could impact life safety or pose a significant threat to the natural environment.

In all cases, a complainant may be requested to sign an affidavit and/or be prepared to stand as a witness should enforcement action proceed to court.

3.3. Level of Service

Reactive Service is the dominant form of by-law enforcement in the Town of Pelham. Reactive enforcement requires complainant communications to be filed by members of the public with Town administration. Typically, formal complaints represent significant issues. Pragmatically, this is also necessary because of human resource and financial constraints on the municipality.

Proactive Service occurs when Pelham MLEOs conduct routine patrols. Enforcement activities in this category occur as the result of direct observation by officers, and by attending locations of frequent infractions and known incidents when time and workflow allow.

Legislative Enforcement Service occurs where the Town of Pelham has a statutory obligation to inspect, investigate and potentially enforce legislative requirements. Examples include, but are not limited to the *Ontario Building Code*, the *Ontario Fire Code* and Pelham's Short-term Rental Licensing By-law. Pursuant to the legislative regimes, Town staff perform duties and tasks required by the enabling legislation. Legislative enforcement typically has its own specific rules, such as guidelines on time of entry, purpose of inspection, special powers to compel co-operation and other factors.

3.4. Reasonable, Transparent and Proportionate Enforcement

In determining the relative significance of each contravention, the MLEO must clearly understand the applicable regulations and possible outcomes should evidence prove a violation has occurred. When a contravention has been identified, Pelham MLEOs will be guided by the following three principles in determining what will constitute an appropriate response:

 Health/Life Safety/Harm to Property – this considers the seriousness of the contravention, such as the health or life safety impact on residents, or potential damage to property



- 2. **History** the compliance history of the property or individual is considered with respect to previous investigations and/or violations for the same issue, and/or the seriousness of previous contraventions
- 3. **Intent** the alleged violator is a repeat offender, or the evidence demonstrates that the individual knowingly contravened the by-law or was willfully ignorant or indifferent towards compliance

3.5. Utilization of AMPs v POA Charges

When a given situation requires enforcement action, it is the sole prerogative of the Pelham MLEO to determine which specific actions will be taken and in which forum charges, if any, shall be laid. Most Town of Pelham by-laws have been moved into the Town's administrative penalty system, thereby allowing AMPs tickets to be issued. AMPs tickets result in modest fines relative to charges issued in the POA system. For particularly serious conduct or for multiple time offenders it will be more appropriate to proceed by way of a Part III summons under the POA. Part III charges have the capacity to lead to Court Orders and fines up to \$100,000.

3.6. Voluntary Compliance

While the majority of residents comply with the Town's by-laws, some may be unaware of a given by-law, have difficulty understanding regulations, be in error taking the steps to achieve compliance, or simply lack the necessary resources.

Pursuant to s. 81 of the POA, ignorance of the law is not an excuse for non-compliance with Town of Pelham by-laws or provincial regulatory regimes. Although "intent" is not a required element in the prosecution of regulatory by-laws, it speaks to the penalty when a progressive enforcement process demonstrates that the defendant knowingly contravened the by-law and did not avail themselves of the opportunities presented by the MLEO.

The first step on the progressive enforcement continuum is voluntary compliance, which requires education to ensure that the offending party and the public is aware of the Town's by-laws that apply to them. This includes understanding the intent and purpose of the by-laws.

It is imperative that the MLEO exhaust all methods available to personally contact the offender (in-person, business card, telephone, email, written correspondence,



otherwise). Engaging in dialogue provides the opportunity to inform and educate the offending party to their obligations and the requirements under the Town's bylaws; and to establish a reasonable enforcement plan for voluntary compliance where appropriate.

A compliance-focused approach focuses on the objectives of regulatory law and policy and then considers the safest most efficient and most effective method of achieving compliance. This leads to an approach based on education and assistance/guidance to gain compliance, rather than solely focusing on the issuance of charges and similar enforcement action.

3.7. Investigations, Enforcement and Compliance

Even with a strong voluntary compliance program in place, violations may occur and will require MLEOs to respond and conduct investigations based on complaint and risk assessment.

A risk-based focus identifies potential hazards, undesirable events, and repeat offenders and uses an understanding of the likelihood and consequences of the undesirable events (health/life safety issues) to determine the steps needed to reduce the risk. When combined with a compliance-based focus, this approach can help achieve maximum compliance effectively and efficiently.

It is important that all investigations be conducted with the notion that evidence collected may need to be presented in court or records released under the *Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act* (MFIPPA). Investigative procedures are followed by MLEOs, with evidence gathered in accordance with professional law enforcement standards, and the integrity of every investigation maintained at all times.

3.8. Prioritizing Violations

Complaints and violations will be identified, classified and prioritized using the Bylaw Department's Work Step Procedure. Any allegation or situation that has the potential to threaten health and safety will be given priority.

3.9. Service Principles: Achieving Compliance

The compliance strategy in the Municipal Law Enforcement Policy is dependent upon the specific circumstances of any investigation:



- a) For situations where there is no previous history of non-compliance, MLEOs will consider providing compliance assistance (education and negotiation) as well as progressive compliance and enforcement action where appropriate to seek voluntary compliance.
- b) For situations where there is **repeated history of non-compliance**, consider using progressive compliance and enforcement actions.
- c) For situations where there is a threat to health and safety, any appropriate action which remedies the threat is acceptable.

3.10. Escalated Enforcement Options

The goal of an MLEO is to achieve compliance through information, education and voluntary compliance. If this is not achievable then the MLEO may take further enforcement action. Depending on the provisions contained with a By-law or statute, and at the discretion of the MLEO, escalated enforcement options may include the issuance of an Administrative Monetary Penalty (AMP), the laying of a Provincial Offence Notice, (PON), issuance of a Municipal ORDER, the laying of a Provincial Part III Information, or a combination of the foregoing.

The Town of Pelham has no obligation to take enforcement action with respect to every contravention of every by-law that may be occurring within its jurisdiction, allowing discretion guided by this policy. Complaints which have been reviewed by the Director of Fire and By-law Services and have been identified as retaliatory, vexatious or are insignificant in nature will or will not be acted upon, as appropriate.

3.11. Exception to Enforcement Philosophy: Parking Tickets

Enforcement of parking is conducted both on a proactive and complaint basis. Parking infractions do not fall under the provisions of progressive enforcement. At the discretion of the MLEO, either a warning or Administrative Monetary Penalty notice will be issued for confirmed parking infractions.

3.12. Civil Action

In rare cases it will be appropriate to proceed with enforcement activity by way of civil action, wherein a court order, mandatory order or injunction from the Superior Court of Justice is necessary to address complicated, ongoing or intractable problems. Where civil action is considered, the Town Solicitor will determine



whether and how to proceed, and will assume carriage of the file unless she/he declares a conflict on the matter.

4. External Influence and Interference

No Town employee or Member of Council shall attempt directly or indirectly to influence any MLEO or employee working within the By-law Department in the administration of his/her duties. This policy is not intended to prevent or limit the ability of Members of Council or any other person to request information about the By-law Department or its policies or procedures.

In the event that a member of Council attempts to apply undue influence upon an active investigation, enforcement staff will first explain the problem to the elected official. If the behaviour persists, enforcement staff will bring the matter to the attention of the Niagara Regional Police and/or local Crown Attorney.

5. Complaints Against Town Staff or Elected Officials

All by-law enforcement complaints filed against members of Town Council or an employee of the Town with respect to an alleged by-law infraction shall be treated in the same manner as all complaints. Care shall be given to ensure that all records in relation to a complaint against a member of Council or a Town employee remain confidential. In the event that the MLEO feels themselves to have a conflict, the matter shall be referred to the Fire Chief, the Town Solicitor or the Chief Administrative Officer, who will request the assistance and review of a MLEO from a neighbouring municipality.

6. Privacy and Confidentiality

Subject to MFIPPA, the identity of the complainant, any personal information they provide, and the complaint itself, shall not be disclosed to the alleged offender or any member of the public. The response of the alleged offender shall not be disclosed to the complainant, whether it is in writing or made orally. The complainant and the alleged offender shall be informed that this information will be kept confidential unless required by court proceedings. The anonymity and confidentiality given to complainants and alleged offenders under this policy cannot be assured if the investigation results in court proceedings.

7. Policy Review



This Policy will be reviewed at least once every Council term for necessary changes. The Chief Administrative Officer, Town Solicitor, Town Clerk or Director of Fire and By-law Services may bring forward revisions to this policy on an asneeded basis.

8. Attachments

By-law Work Step Procedure



Operating Procedure			
Procedure Name:	By-Law Work Step Procedure		
Policy Number:	S502-05		
Creation Date:	February 1, 2013		
Revision Date(s):	-		

1. Purpose

To ensure thorough, prompt and courteous receipt, processing, investigation and resolution of a formal request or complaint within the By-Law services department and ensure appropriate reporting to the Fire Chief.

2. Hazards

3. Requirements

3.1. Abbreviations

Formal Complaint

A complaint or request received by the By-Law Services Department on a complaint form or through the PSR system, where the complainant has supplied all information required.

Fire Chief

Director of the By-Law Services Department

MLEO

Municipal Law Enforcement Officer appointed by Council to deliver By-Law Services within the Town of Pelham.

POO

Provincial Offences Officer

Admin

Fire and By-Law Services Administrative Assistant



Responsibility	Work Steps				
Admin	Upon receipt of a request or complaint, the complainant will fill out the proper complaint form with all required information and it shall be forwarded to MLEO.				
Admin, Fire Chief, MLEO	2. Assures the complainant that their personal information will remain in the strictest of confidence unless required in a legal proceeding. Explains the procedures for investigating the matter and what the next step for the complainant is.				
MLEO	Conducts a preliminary review of the complaint to verify information and research any supporting documentation which may be available in the Town records.				
MLEO	 Contacts the complainant to confirm or clarify any information received in the complaint which is missing or unclear. 				
MLEO	5. If after reviewing the file and it is found that the complaint is not warranted, the complainant will be contacted to explain the reasons not to proceed. Repeated and excessive benign complaints will not be reviewed.				
MLEO	6. Contacts the property owner, explains the situation and makes an appointment.				
MLEO	7. Conducts a site investigation to assess the complaint and possible violation.				
MLEO	8. Upon determining that there is a potential violation, begins the process of progressive enforcement as laid out in the by-law enforcement policy.				
MLEO	9. Identifies the potential violation and determines the Authority having jurisdiction, consults with the department involved and decides on the course of action, work to be performed and time lines in which compliance is expected.				
MLEO	10. Contacts the property owner and makes an appointment to review the potential violation(s) and course of action ensuring the property owner understands what is expected of them.				
MLEO	11. Reviews the file and determines if the potential violations have been resolved, if additional time is required, or if the next step in the progressive enforcement process is required.				



MLEO	12. If they meet compliance, the file will be closed; if compliance has not been met then the progressive enforcement policy will dictate the next step.
MLEO	13. Closes file if compliance was met, advises the Fire Chief, and notifies complainant that compliance has been met.
MLEO	14. If compliance has not been met, contacts property owner to review property file.
MLEO	15. Discuss with the property owner and review potential violations, if compliance is not Forth With, advises property owner next step in progressive enforcement policy.

4. Operating Guidelines/ Best Practices

- **4.1.** It is important to understand the overall impact that some of these proceedings have on our Town, Staff, Property owners, Council and the Citizens of the Town of Pelham. It is vital that communication between all parties be exercised to its fullest extent.
- **4.2.** All attempts shall be made to assist the property owners to meet compliance, education is priority one, enforcement will be our last attempt for resolve.
- **4.3.** When a site meeting is scheduled and there is a potential for heightened emotions then the MLEO shall take a second person with them, this person should be a POO.
- **4.4.** When making contact with a property owner or tenant the MLEO should be dressed in the proper uniform, be in a Town of Pelham marked vehicle, and clearly identify themselves both verbally and with their issued identification.
- **4.5.** Every attempt shall be made to make the Property owner or Tenant feel at ease.
- **4.6.** If at any time an MLEO or any Town of Pelham staff feel threatened then they shall leave the area promptly, no other contact with the property owner or tenant shall be made at this time, your supervisor shall be notified immediately.



- **4.7.** If the MLEO is visiting a site to investigate a potential violation, the investigation should be restricted to the violation cited, unless it is a life safety matter. The MLEO is not to look for addition violations.
- **4.8.** Unless a matter is viewed as a life safety issue, any potential violations should be addressed through a formal complaint.

5. Appendices

Appendix A – Complainant Form

Appendix B – Risk Assessment

Appendix C – Priority Scale



Office of Fire and Bylaw Services

Craig Genesse cgenesse@pelham.ca 905-892-2607 x204

By Law Services Request Form

Appendix A

CONFIDENTIAL

This form represents a request to resolve an alleged By-law infraction within the Town of Pelham. In order for the Bylaw Enforcement Officer to proceed with an investigation, it is required that you complete this form in **FULL** including your signature and date. By signing this form, depending on the nature of the complaint, you hereby grant consent for an Investigating Officer, if necessary, to enter upon your property as part of this investigation.

Complainant Information:	
Your Name:	
Your Street Address & Mailing A	dress (if different):
Your Email:	Your Phone Number:
Violation Information:	
Location of Offence (Street Add	ss):
Name of Property Owner/Tenar	(if known):
Nature of Complaint (What viola	on is taking place):
when subject to the provisions of the Freedom and be required to give evidence as a witness,	omplainant and the alleged offender, except where disclosure is necessary in a Court of Law or Information and Protection of Privacy Act noted below. Should this complaint proceed to Court, you dyour name filed complaint will become a matter of public record. If orm is being collected to conduct a Bylaw Enforcement investigation and may be shared with the applicable
	action. Collection of personal information is governed, authorized, and protected by the Freedom of this information, you consent to its use for the above purposes.
Signature	Date
DIFACE NOTE: This fully completed AND C	and form must be drapped off either in person at the Ru Law Convices Department

PLEASE NOTE: This <u>fully</u> completed AND Signed form must be dropped off either in person at the By-Law Services Department **located at FONTHILL FIRE STATION ONE, #177 Highway 20 West, Fonthill ON LOS 1EO,** by email at **cgenesse@pelham.ca.,** or by **fax 905.892.8499.** Partially completed forms will not be accepted.

								Appendix I
	By-La	w Risl	< Asses	smen	t Work	Sheet	t	
				Sev	erity			
		V						
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	е	н	н	i	r	i	i	i
	m	i	i	О	а	n	g	m
	е	g h	g h	u s	t e	o r	h t	a I
Probability	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
Always 8	64	56	48	40	32	24	16	8
Frequent 7	56	49	42	35	28	21	14	7
Very Likely 6	48	42	36	30	24	18	12	6
Likely 5	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5
Occasional 4	32	28	24	20	16	12	8	4
Rare 3	24	21	18	15	12	9	6	3
Exceptional 2	16	14	12	10	8	6	4	2
Unlikely 1	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
			Range	of Ris	k			
46 to 64	Risk is Severe and Unacceptable			Immediate Action Forth With				
25 to 42	Risk is High			Priority action to be taken to apply control measures				
12 to 24	Risk is Moderate			Action to be taken as a matter of routine				
5 to 10	Risk is Low and Broadly Acceptable			Low priority action				
0 to 4	Risk is Min	imal		Requires review				
Life safety		Er	viromen	tal		Property	,	

By Law Priority Scale

This is intended as a rating system to used by By Law Services to establish a reasonable time frame in which a Formal Request or Complaint could be received, processed and resolved. Times may vary for each particular case depending on a number of factors which may affect the outcome of the investigation and resolution.

Priority Scale

Risk Rating Score	46 to 64	25 to 42	12 to 24	5 to 10	0 to 4
	1	2	3	4	5
Time to Resolve	Immediately	1 to 2 weeks	2 to 4 weeks	4 to 6 weeks	open

Typical Priorty Rating

Typical Complaint	Priority	
Building without a permit	2	
Business in a residential area	4	
Dumping	3	
Property standards	4	
Dogs barking	2	
Snow / Ice problems	1	
Fences	4	
Pool fencing	1	
Illegal signs	3	
Derelict vehicles	3	
Commercial vehicles in residential areas	3	
Overgrown weeds and or grass	4	
Noise trail bike, model planes	2	
Noxious weeds	2	
Parking violation	3	
Public nuisance	1	
Zoning	4	
Unsafe or hazardous condition	1	_
Cannabis Odour	1	
Short Term Rentals	3	